# Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

#### **General Description**

The MAX6126 is an ultra-low-noise, high-precision, lowdropout voltage reference. This family of voltage references feature curvature-correction circuitry and high-stability, laser-trimmed, thin-film resistors that result in 3ppm/°C (max) temperature coefficients and an excellent ±0.02% (max) initial accuracy. The proprietary low-noise reference architecture produces a low flicker noise of  $1.3\mu V_{P-P}$  and wideband noise as low as  $60nV/\sqrt{Hz}$  (2.048V output) without the increased supply current usually found in low-noise references. Improve wideband noise to 35nV/VHz and AC power-supply rejection by adding a 0.1µF capacitor at the noise reduction pin. The MAX6126 series mode reference operates from a wide 2.7V to 12.6V supply voltage range and load-regulation specifications are guaranteed to be less than  $0.025\Omega$  for sink and source currents up to 10mA. These devices are available over the automotive temperature range of -40°C to +125°C.

The MAX6126 typically draws  $380\mu$ A of supply current and is available in 2.048V, 2.500V, 2.800V, 3.000V, 3.300V, 3.600V, 4.096V, and 5.000V output voltages. The MAX6126 also feature dropout voltages as low as 200mV. Unlike conventional shunt-mode (two-terminal) references that waste supply current and require an external resistor, the MAX6126 offers supply current that is virtually independent of supply voltage and does not require an external resistor. The MAX6126 is stable with 0.1µF to 10µF of load capacitance.

The MAX6126 is available in the tiny 8-pin  $\mu$ MAX<sup>®</sup>, as well as 8-pin SO packages.

#### **Applications**

- High-Resolution A/D and D/A Converters
- ATE Equipment
- High-Accuracy Reference Standard
- Precision Current Sources
- Digital Voltmeters
- High-Accuracy Industrial and Process Control

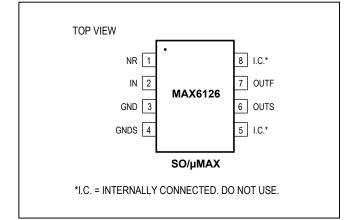
 $\mu$ MAX is a registered trademark of Maxim Integrated Products, Inc.

## **Ordering Information**

#### **Benefits and Features**

- Ultra-Low 1.3µV<sub>P-P</sub> Noise (0.1Hz to 10Hz, 2.048V Output)
- Ultra-Low 3ppm/°C (max) Temperature Coefficient
- ±0.02% (max) Initial Accuracy
- Wide (V<sub>OUT</sub> + 200mV) to 12.6V Supply Voltage Range
- Low 200mV (max) Dropout Voltage
- 380µA Quiescent Supply Current
- 10mA Sink/Source-Current Capability
- Stable with  $C_{LOAD} = 0.1 \mu F$  to  $10 \mu F$
- Low 20ppm/1000hr Long-Term Stability
- 0.025Ω (max) Load Regulation
- 20µV/V (max) Line Regulation
- Force and Sense Outputs for Remote Sensing

## **Pin Configuration**



Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	MAXIMUM INITIAL ACCURACY (%)	MAXIMUM TEMPCO (-40°C to +85°C) (ppm/°C)
MAX6126AASA21+	-40°C to +125°C	8 SO	2.048	0.02	3
MAX6126BASA21+	-40°C to +125°C	8 SO	2.048	0.06	5
MAX6126A21+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	2.048	0.06	3

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.



# Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

(All voltages referenced to GND)
GNDS0.3V to +0.3V
IN0.3V to +13V
OUTF, OUTS, NR0.3V to the lesser of (V <sub>IN</sub> + 0.3V) or +6V
Output Short Circuit to GND or IN
Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )
8-Pin µMAX (derate 4.5mW/°C above +70°C)

8-Pin SO (derate 5.88mW/°C above +70°C)......471mW

Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +125°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C
Soldering Temperature (reflow)	+260°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## Electrical Characteristics—MAX6126\_21 (Vour = 2.048V)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL		CONDIT	IONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
OUTPUT	·	·						
Output Voltage	VOUT	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C				2.048		V
			A grade	SO	-0.02		+0.02	%
		Referred to	B grade	e SO	-0.06		+0.06	
Output Voltage Accuracy		V <sub>OUT</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	A grade	eμMAX	-0.06		+0.06	/0
			B grade	e µMAX	-0.1		+0.1	
			A grade	e SO		0.5	3	
		T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C	B grade	e SO		1	5	
		to +85°C	A grade	eμMAX		1	3	ppm/°C
Output Voltage Temperature	TOVAL		B grade	e µMAX		2	7	
Coefficient (Note 1)	TCV <sub>OUT</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C	A grade	e SO		1	5	
			B grade	e SO		2	10	
			A grade	eμMAX		2	5	
			B grade	e µMAX		3	12	
Line Degulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	2.7V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			2	20	
Line Regulation	ΔΫ <sub>IN</sub>	12.6V	$T_{A} = -40$	0°C to +125°C			40	μV/V
Lood Dogulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	Sourcing: 0 ≤	I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 10	mA		0.7	25	u)//m /
Load Regulation	Δlout	Sinking: -10m	A ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub>	≤ 0		1.3	25	μV/mA
OUT Short-Circuit Current		Short to GND				160		
	Isc	Short to IN				20		mA
Thermal Hyptoresis (Nets 2)	Chermal Hysteresis (Note 2) $\Delta V_{OUT}$		SO		SO 25			
Thermal Hysteresis (Note 2)	cycle	μΜΑΧ				80		ppm
Long Torm Stability	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	1000hr at T <sub>A</sub> =	- +25°C	SO		20	ppm/	
Long-Term Stability	time		- +23 C	μΜΑΧ		100		1000hr

# Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

## Electrical Characteristics—MAX6126\_21 (V<sub>OUT</sub> = 2.048V) (continued)

 $(V_{IN} = 5V, C_{LOAD} = 0.1 \mu F, I_{OUT} = 0, T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS								
		f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz			1.3		μV <sub>P-P</sub>	
Noise Voltage	e <sub>OUT</sub>	f = 1kHz, C <sub>NR</sub> = 0			60		nV/√Hz	
		f = 1kHz, C <sub>NR</sub> = 0.1µF			35			
Turn-On Settling Time	t <sub>R</sub>	To V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.01% of	C <sub>NR</sub> = 0		0.8			
Turn-On Setting Time		final value	C <sub>NR</sub> = 0.1µF		20		– ms	
Capacitive-Load Stability Range	C <sub>LOAD</sub>	No sustained oscillation	IS		0.1 to 10		μF	
INPUT								
Supply Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>	Guaranteed by line-reg	Guaranteed by line-regulation test			12.6	V	
		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			380	550		
Quiescent Supply Current	IIN	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C				725	μΑ	

#### Electrical Characteristics—MAX6126\_25 (Vour = 2.500V)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CON	DITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
OUTPUT		,						
Output Voltage	Vout	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			2.500		V	
			A grade SO	-0.02		+0.02		
Output Voltage Assurage		Referred to V <sub>OUT</sub> ,	B grade SO	-0.06		+0.06	%	
Output Voltage Accuracy		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	A grade µMAX	-0.06		+0.06	70	
			B grade µMAX	-0.1		+0.1		
		T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C	A grade SO		0.5	3	ppm/°C	
			B grade SO		1	5		
			A grade µMAX		1	3		
Output Voltage Temperature	TOV		B grade µMAX		2	7		
Coefficient (Note 1)	TCVOUT		A grade SO		1	5		
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to	B grade SO		2	10		
		+125°C	A grade µMAX		2	5		
			B grade µMAX		3	12		
Line Degulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	27/(-1) - 126/(-1)	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		3	20		
Line Regulation	ΔŬIN	2.7V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 12.6V	$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			40	μV/V	
	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	Sourcing: 0 ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 10mA			1	25	μV/mA	
Load Regulation		Sinking: $-10\text{mA} \le I_{OUT} \le 0$			1.8	25		

# Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

## Electrical Characteristics—MAX6126\_25 (V<sub>OUT</sub> = 2.500V) (continued)

 $(V_{IN} = 5V, C_{LOAD} = 0.1 \mu F, I_{OUT} = 0, T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDIT	IONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)		ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1%	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 5mA		0.06	0.2	V	
Diopout voltage (Note 3)	VIN - VOUT	ZVOUT - 0.1%	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10mA		0.12	0.4	V	
OUT Short-Circuit Current	1	Short to GND			160		mA	
OUT Short-Circuit Current	I <sub>SC</sub>	Short to IN			20		IIIA	
Thermal Hyptoresia (Note 2)	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	SO			35			
Thermal Hysteresis (Note 2)	cycle	μΜΑΧ			80		ppm	
Long Torm Stobility	ΔΫουτ/	1000br at T = 105°C	SO		20		ppm/	
Long-Term Stability	time	1000hr at T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	μΜΑΧ		100		1000hr	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS			•					
		f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz		1.45		μV <sub>P-P</sub>		
Noise Voltage	e <sub>OUT</sub>	f = 1kHz, C <sub>NR</sub> = 0	75			_ nV/√Hz		
		f = 1kHz, C <sub>NR</sub> = 0.1µF		45			- nv/vHz	
Turn On Sottling Time		To V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.01% of	C <sub>NR</sub> = 0		1			
Turn-On Settling Time	t <sub>R</sub>	final value	C <sub>NR</sub> = 0.1µF		20		ms	
Capacitive-Load Stability Range	C <sub>LOAD</sub>	No sustained oscillation	s		0.1 to 10		μF	
INPUT								
Supply Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>	Guaranteed by line-regu	lation test	2.7		12.6	V	
Quiescent Supply Current		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			380	550	- μΑ	
Quiescent Supply Current	I <sub>IN</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C			725			

## Electrical Characteristics—MAX6126\_28 (V<sub>OUT</sub> = 2.800V)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CON	CONDITIONS		TYP	MAX	UNITS
OUTPUT							
Output Voltage	VOUT	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			2.800		V
		Referred to VOUT,	A grade µMAX	-0.06		+0.06	%
Dutput Voltage Accuracy		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	B grade µMAX	-0.10		+0.10	70
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to	A grade µMAX		1	3	
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 1)	ТОУ	+85°C	B grade µMAX		2	7	– ppm/°C
	TCV <sub>OUT</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C	A grade µMAX		2	5	
			B grade µMAX		3	12	
Line Degulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	3.0V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 12.6V	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		3.5	23	μV/V
Line Regulation	ΔŬIN		$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			45	
Lood Degulation	ΔΫουτ/	Sourcing: 0 ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤	10mA		1.3	28	
Load Regulation	ΔŬIN	Sinking: $-10\text{mA} \le I_{OUT} \le 0$			2.4	28	µV/mA
		- 0.10	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 5mA		0.06	0.2	- V
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)	VIN - VOUT	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1%	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10mA		0.12	0.4	

# Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

## Electrical Characteristics—MAX6126\_28 (V<sub>OUT</sub> = 2.800V) (continued)

 $(V_{IN} = 5V, C_{LOAD} = 0.1 \mu F, I_{OUT} = 0, T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	COND	ITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
		Short to GND			160			
OUT Short-Circuit Current	I <sub>SC</sub>	Short to IN			20		- mA	
Thermal Hysteresis (Note 2)	∆V <sub>OUT</sub> / cycle	μΜΑΧ			80		ppm	
Long-Term Stability	∆V <sub>OUT</sub> / time	1000hr at T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	μΜΑΧ		100		ppm/ 1000hr	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS		·	÷					
		f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz			1.45		μV <sub>P-P</sub>	
Noise Voltage	e <sub>OUT</sub>	f = 1kHz, C <sub>NR</sub> = 0			75		nV/√Hz	
		f = 1kHz, C <sub>NR</sub> = 0.1µI	=		45			
Turn On Cattling Time		To V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.01% of	C <sub>NR</sub> = 0		1			
Turn-On Settling Time	t <sub>R</sub>		C <sub>NR</sub> = 0.1µF		20		ms	
Capacitive-Load Stability Range	C <sub>LOAD</sub>	No sustained oscillation	ons		0.1 to 10		μF	
INPUT				•				
Supply Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>	Guaranteed by line-regulation test		3.0		12.6	V	
Quipagent Supply Current		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			380 550 725			
Quiescent Supply Current	IIN	$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$					μΑ	

## Electrical Characteristics—MAX6126\_30 (V<sub>OUT</sub> = 3.000V)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CON	CONDITIONS		TYP	MAX	UNITS
OUTPUT				•			
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			3.000		V
		Referred to $V_{OUT}$ , T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	A grade SO	-0.02		+0.02	
Output Voltage Accuracy			B grade SO	-0.06		+0.06	%
			A grade µMAX	-0.06		+0.06	- %
			B grade µMAX	-0.1		+0.1	
		T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C	A grade SO		0.5	3	
			B grade SO		1	5	
			A grade µMAX		1	3	
Output Voltage Temperature	TOV		B grade µMAX		2	7	
Coefficient (Note 1)	TCV <sub>OUT</sub>		A grade SO		1	5	ppm/°C
		T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C	B grade SO		2	10	_
			A grade µMAX		2	5	
			B grade µMAX		3	12	

# Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

## Electrical Characteristics—MAX6126\_30 (V<sub>OUT</sub> = 3.000V) (continued)

(V<sub>IN</sub> = 5V,  $C_{LOAD}$  = 0.1µF,  $I_{OUT}$  = 0,  $T_A$  =  $T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A$  = +25°C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CON	DITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Line Degulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	2 21/ 51/ 5 5 61/	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		4	25		
Line Regulation	ΔΫ <sub>IN</sub>	$3.2V \leq V   N \leq 12.0V$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			50	μV/V	
Load Regulation	∆V <sub>OUT</sub> /	Sourcing: $0 \le I_{OUT} \le$	10mA		1.5	30	μV/mA	
	ΔIOUT	Sinking: -10mA ≤ I <sub>OL</sub>	JT ≤ 0		2.8	30	μν/ΠΑ	
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)		ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1%	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 5mA		0.06	0.2	v	
Dropout voltage (Note 3)	VIN - VOUT	ZVOUT - 0.1%	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10mA		0.11	0.4		
OUT Short-Circuit Current	laa	Short to GND			160		mA	
Soft Short-Circuit Current	I <sub>SC</sub>	Short to IN			20			
Thermal Hysteresis (Note 2)	∆V <sub>OUT</sub> /	V <sub>OUT</sub> / SO µMAX			20		nnm	
	cycle				80		ppm	
Long-Term Stability	∆V <sub>OUT</sub> / time	1000hr at T <sub>A</sub> = +25°0	SO		20		ppm/	
		1000111 at 1 <sub>A</sub> = 123 v	μΜΑΧ		100		1000hr	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS								
		f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz		1.75			μV <sub>P-P</sub>	
Noise Voltage	e <sub>OUT</sub>	f = 1kHz, C <sub>NR</sub> = 0			90			
		f = 1kHz, C <sub>NR</sub> = 0.1µF			55		nV/√Hz	
Capacitive-Load Stability Range	C <sub>LOAD</sub>	No sustained oscillat	ions		0.1 to 10		μF	
Turn On Sottling Time		To V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.01% of	C <sub>NR</sub> = 0		1.2		-	
Turn-On Settling Time	t <sub>R</sub>	final value	C <sub>NR</sub> = 0.1µF		20		ms	
INPUT	~		·					
Supply Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>	Guaranteed by line-r	egulation test	3.2		12.6	V	
Quiescent Supply Current		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			380	550	μA	
Quiescent Supply Current	IIN	$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$				725		

# Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

## Electrical Characteristics—MAX6126\_33 (V<sub>OUT</sub> = 3.300V)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CON	DITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
OUTPUT	•							
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			3.300		V	
			A grade SO	-0.02		+0.02		
o		Referred to VOUT,	B grade SO	-0.06		+0.06		
Output Voltage Accuracy		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	A grade µMAX	-0.06		+0.06	%	
			B grade µMAX	-0.1		+0.1	1	
			A grade SO		0.5	3		
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to	B grade SO		1	5	1	
		+85°C	A grade µMAX		1	3	]	
Output Voltage Temperature	TCV <sub>OUT</sub>		B grade µMAX		2	7	^	
Coefficient (Note 1)			A grade SO		1	5	ppm/°C	
		T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C	B grade SO		2	10		
			A grade µMAX		2	5		
			B grade µMAX		3	12		
Line Degulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	2 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 =	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		11	35		
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{IN}$	$3.5V \le V_{IN} \le 12.6V$	$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			70	μV/V	
Lood Doculation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	Sourcing: 0 ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤	10mA		2	40		
.oad Regulation	ΔI <sub>OUT</sub>	Sinking: -10mA ≤ I <sub>O</sub>	0 ≥ <sub>T</sub>		5	40	μV/mA	
Dranaut Valtage (Nate 2)	V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub>	$\Delta V_{OUT} = 0.1\%$	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 5mA		0.06	0.2	v	
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)		ΔvOUT - 0.1%	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10mA		0.12	0.4	Ļ	
OUT Short Circuit Current	100	Short to GND			160		<b>m</b> A	
OUT Short-Circuit Current	ISC	Short to IN			20		mA	
Thermal Hyptoresis (Note 2)	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	SO			20			
Thermal Hysteresis (Note 2)	cycle	μMAX			80		ppm	
Long-Term Stability	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	1000hr at	SO		20		ppm/	
Long-Term Stability	time	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	μMAX		100		1000hr	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS								
		f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz			1.95		μV <sub>P-P</sub>	
Noise Voltage	e <sub>OUT</sub>	f = 1kHz, C <sub>NR</sub> = 0			100		nV/√Hz	
		f = 1kHz, C <sub>NR</sub> = 0.1	٦F		60			
Capacitive-Load Stability Range	C <sub>LOAD</sub>	No sustained oscilla	tions		0.1 to 10		μF	
Turn-On Settling Time	+_	To V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.01%	C <sub>NR</sub> = 0		1.2		ma	
	<sup>t</sup> R	of final value	C <sub>NR</sub> = 0.1µF		20		ms	
INPUT		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Supply Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>	Guaranteed by line-	regulation test	3.5		12.6	V	
Quiescent Supply Current	1	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			380	550		
Quescent Suppry Current	I <sub>IN</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°	С			725	μA	

# Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

## Electrical Characteristics—MAX6126\_36 (V<sub>OUT</sub> = 3.600V)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
OUTPUT							
Output Voltage	VOUT	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			3.6		V
			A grade SO	-0.02		+0.02	- %
		Referred to V <sub>OUT</sub> ,	B grade SO	-0.06		+0.06	
Output Voltage Accuracy		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	A grade µMAX	-0.06		+0.06	
			B grade µMAX	-0.1		+0.1	
			A grade SO		0.5	3	
		$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	B grade SO		1	5	
		TA40 C 10 +65 C	A grade µMAX		1	3	
Output Voltage Temperature	TOV		B grade µMAX		2	7	^
Coefficient (Note 1)	TCV <sub>OUT</sub>		A grade SO		1	5	ppm/°C
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to	B grade SO		2	10	-
		+125°C	A grade µMAX		2	5	
			B grade µMAX		3	12	
Line Degulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / ΔV <sub>IN</sub>	3.8V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 12.6V	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		12	40	- μV/V
Line Regulation		$3.8V \ge V_{\text{IN}} \ge 12.0V$	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C			80	
Lood Dogulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	Sourcing: $0 \le I_{OUT} \le 10$ mA			2	50	μV/mA
Load Regulation	ΔI <sub>OUT</sub>	Sinking: $-10mA \le I_{OUT} \le 0$			6	50	
Dreneut Voltage (Nate 2)	V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub>	$\Delta V_{\rm even} = 0.19/$	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 5mA		0.05	0.2	v
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)		ΔVOUT - 0.1%	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10mA		0.11	0.4	v
OUT Short-Circuit Current		Short to GND			160		mA
COT Short-Circuit Current	Isc	Short to IN			20		
Thermal Hysteresis (Note 2)	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	SO		20			
mermai Hysteresis (Note 2)	cycle	μΜΑΧ			80		ppm
Long-Term Stability	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	1000hr at T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	SO		20		ppm/
Long-Term Stability	time	$ 1000111 \text{ at } 1_{\text{A}} = 123 \text{ C}$	μΜΑΧ		100		1000hr
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS							
		f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz		2.1		μV <sub>P-P</sub>	
Noise Voltage	e <sub>OUT</sub>	f = 1kHz, C <sub>NR</sub> = 0		110			nV/√Hz
		f = 1kHz, C <sub>NR</sub> = 0.1µ	F	66		110/ 112	
Capacitive-Load Stability Range	C <sub>LOAD</sub>	No sustained oscillations			0.1 to 10		μF
	t-	To V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.01% of	C <sub>NR</sub> = 0		1.6		ms
Turn-On Settling Time	t <sub>R</sub>	final value $C_{NR} = 0.1 \mu F$			20		1115
INPUT							
Supply Voltage Range	VIN	Guaranteed by line-re	egulation test	3.8		12.6	V
Quiescent Supply Current	1	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			380	550	- μΑ
Quescent Supply Current	IIN	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	C			725	

# Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

## Electrical Characteristics—MAX6126\_41 (V<sub>OUT</sub> = 4.096V)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
OUTPUT								
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			4.096		V	
			A grade SO	-0.02		+0.02	%	
		Referred to V <sub>OUT</sub> ,	B grade SO	-0.06		+0.06		
Output Voltage Accuracy		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	A grade µMAX	-0.06		+0.06		
			B grade µMAX	-0.1		+0.1		
			A grade SO		0.5	3		
		T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C	B grade SO		1	5	1	
		+85°C	A grade µMAX		1	3	]	
Output Voltage Temperature	TOV		B grade µMAX		2	7	]/^	
Coefficient (Note 1)	TCV <sub>OUT</sub>		A grade SO		1	5	- ppm/°C	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to	B grade SO		2	10	1	
		+125°C	A grade µMAX		2	5		
			B grade µMAX		3	12		
Line Degulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / ΔV <sub>IN</sub>		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		4.5	30	- μV/V	
Line Regulation		$4.3V \le V_{IN} \le 12.6V$	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C			60		
Lood Doculation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / ΔI <sub>OUT</sub>	Sourcing: 0 ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 10mA			2	40	- μV/mA	
Load Regulation		Sinking: $-10\text{mA} \le I_{OUT} \le 0$			5	40		
	V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub>	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1%	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 5mA		0.05	0.2	V	
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)			I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10mA		0.1	0.4	- V	
OUT Short Circuit Current		Short to GND			160		— mA	
OUT Short-Circuit Current	I <sub>SC</sub>	Short to IN			20			
Thermal Hystoresis (Note 2)	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	SO			20			
Thermal Hysteresis (Note 2)	cycle	μΜΑΧ			80		- ppm	
Long Torm Stobility	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	$1000 \text{ br of } T_{1} = 125^{\circ} \text{ C}$	SO		20		ppm/ 1000hr	
Long-Term Stability	time	1000hr at T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	μΜΑΧ		100			
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS								
		f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz			2.4		μV <sub>P-P</sub>	
Noise Voltage	e <sub>OUT</sub>	f = 1kHz, C <sub>NR</sub> = 0		120			nV/√Hz	
		f = 1kHz, C <sub>NR</sub> = 0.1µ	F		80	nV		
Capacitive-Load Stability Range	C <sub>LOAD</sub>	No sustained oscillations			0.1 to 10		μF	
		To V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.01% of	C <sub>NR</sub> = 0		1.6			
Turn-On Settling Time	t <sub>R</sub>	final value	C <sub>NR</sub> = 0.1µF		20		ms	
INPUT								
Supply Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>	Guaranteed by line-re	egulation test	4.3		12.6	V	
Quiescent Supply Current		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			380	550		
Quiescent Supply Current	I <sub>IN</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C				725	μA	

# Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

## Electrical Characteristics—MAX6126\_50 (V<sub>OUT</sub> = 5.000V)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONE	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
OUTPUT	•							
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			5.000		V	
			A grade SO	-0.02		+0.02	- %	
		T 105%0	B grade SO	-0.06		+0.06		
Output Voltage Accuracy		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	A grade µMAX	-0.06		+0.06		
			B grade µMAX	-0.1		+0.1		
			A grade SO		0.5	3		
		T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C	B grade SO		1	5	]	
		$T_{A} = -40 \text{ C to +85 C}$	A grade µMAX		1	3		
Output Voltage Temperature	TOV		B grade µMAX		2	7		
Coefficient (Note 1)	TCV <sub>OUT</sub>		A grade SO		1	5	- ppm/°C - -	
		T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C	B grade SO		2	10		
			A grade µMAX		2	5		
			B grade µMAX		3	12		
Line Regulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / ΔV <sub>IN</sub>	$5.2V \le V_{IN} \le 12.6V$	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		3	40	- μV/V	
			T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C			80		
Lood Degulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / ΔI <sub>OUT</sub>	Sourcing: 0 ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 10mA			2.5	50	μV/mA	
Load Regulation		Sinking: -10mA $\leq I_{OUT} \leq 0$			6.5	50		
Drepout Voltage (Note 2)	V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub>	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1%	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 5mA		0.05	0.2	- V	
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)			I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10mA		0.1	0.4		
OUT Chart Circuit Current		Short to GND			160			
OUT Short-Circuit Current	I <sub>SC</sub>	Short to IN			20		mA	
Thermal Liveteracia (Nieto 2)	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	SO			15			
Thermal Hysteresis (Note 2)	cycle	μΜΑΧ			80		ppm	
Long Torm Stability	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /	1000hr at T = 105°C	SO		20		ppm/	
Long-Term Stability	time	1000hr at T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	μΜΑΧ		100		1000hr	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS								
		f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz			2.85		μV <sub>P-P</sub>	
Noise Voltage	e <sub>OUT</sub>	f = 1kHz, C <sub>NR</sub> = 0			145		n)///	
		$f = 1 \text{ kHz}, C_{\text{NR}} = 0.1 \mu \text{F}$			95		nV/√Hz	
Capacitive-Load Stability Range	C <sub>LOAD</sub>	No sustained oscillati		0.1 to 10		μF		

# Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

## Electrical Characteristics—MAX6126\_50 (V<sub>OUT</sub> = 5.000V) (continued)

(V<sub>IN</sub> = 5.5V, C<sub>LOAD</sub> = 0.1 $\mu$ F, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 0, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Turn-On Settling Time	t <sub>R</sub>	To V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.01% of final value	C <sub>NR</sub> = 0		2		ms
			C <sub>NR</sub> = 0.1µF		20		
INPUT							
Supply Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>	Guaranteed by line-regulation test		5.2		12.6	V
Quiescent Supply Current		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			380	550	
		T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +125°C				725	μΑ

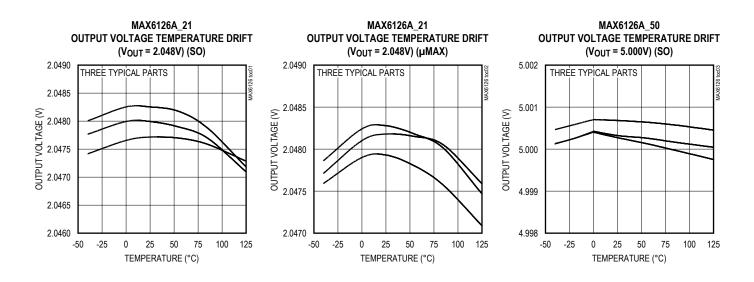
Note 1: Temperature coefficient is measured by the "box" method, i.e., the maximum  $\Delta V_{OUT}$  /  $V_{OUT}$  is divided by the maximum  $\Delta T$ .

**Note 2:** Thermal hysteresis is defined as the change in +25°C output voltage before and after cycling the device from  $T_{MAX}$  to  $T_{MIN}$ . **Note 3:** Dropout voltage is defined as the minimum differential voltage ( $V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$ ) at which  $V_{OUT}$  decreases by 0.1% from its

original value at  $V_{IN}$  = 5.0V ( $V_{IN}$  = 5.5V for  $V_{OUT}$  = 5.0V).

## **Typical Operating Characteristics**

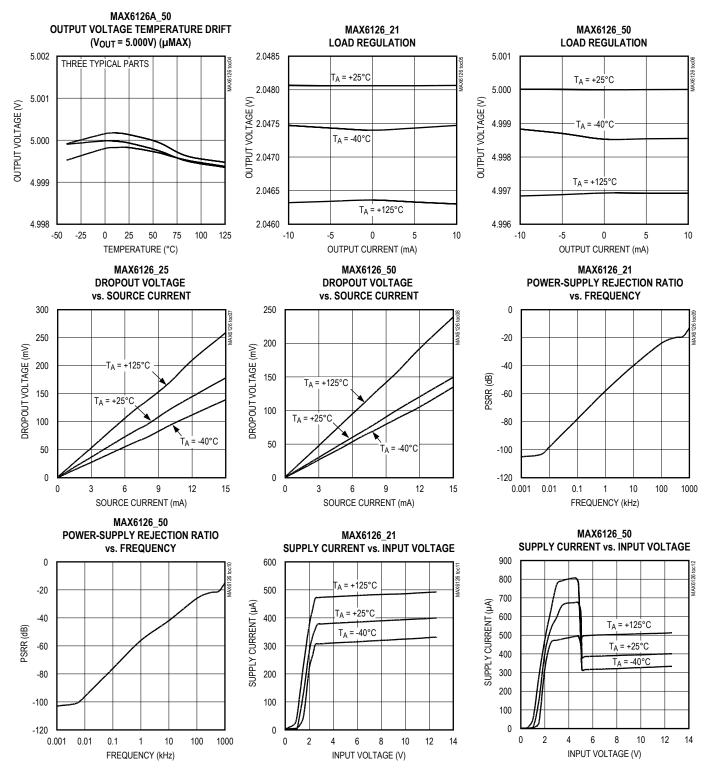
 $(V_{IN} = 5V \text{ for MAX6126}_21/25/30/33/36/41, V_{IN} = 5.5V \text{ for MAX6126}_50, C_{LOAD} = 0.1\mu\text{F}, I_{OUT} = 0, T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.) (Note 5)



## Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

#### **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

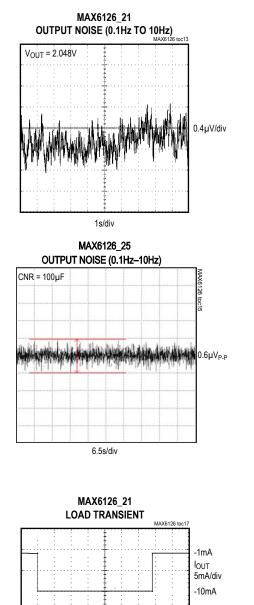
 $(V_{IN} = 5V \text{ for MAX6126}_21/25/30/33/36/41, V_{IN} = 5.5V \text{ for MAX6126}_50, C_{LOAD} = 0.1\mu\text{F}, I_{OUT} = 0, T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.) (Note 5)



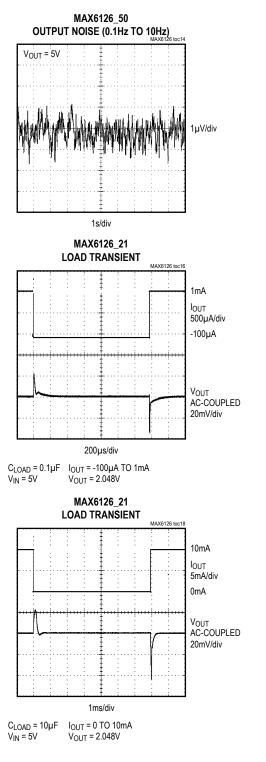
## Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

#### **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{IN} = 5V \text{ for MAX6126}_21/25/30/33/36/41, V_{IN} = 5.5V \text{ for MAX6126}_50, C_{LOAD} = 0.1\mu\text{F}, I_{OUT} = 0, T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.) (Note 5)



V<sub>OUT</sub> AC-COUPLED 100mV/div



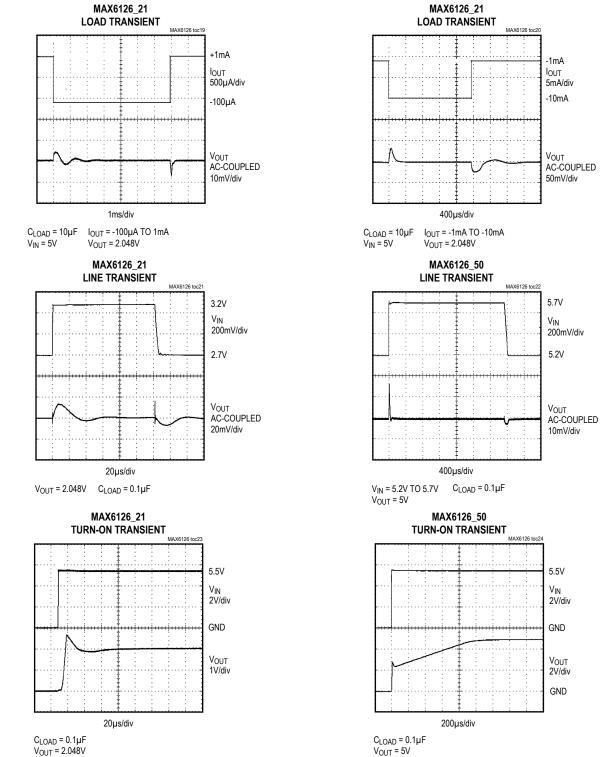
 $\begin{array}{ll} C_{LOAD} = 0.1 \mu F & I_{OUT} = -1 mA \mbox{ TO} \mbox{ -10 mA} \\ V_{IN} = 5V & V_{OUT} = 2.048V \end{array}$ 

400µs/div

# Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

## **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{IN} = 5V \text{ for MAX6126}_21/25/30/33/36/41, V_{IN} = 5.5V \text{ for MAX6126}_50, C_{LOAD} = 0.1\mu\text{F}, I_{OUT} = 0, T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise}$ specified.) (Note 5)

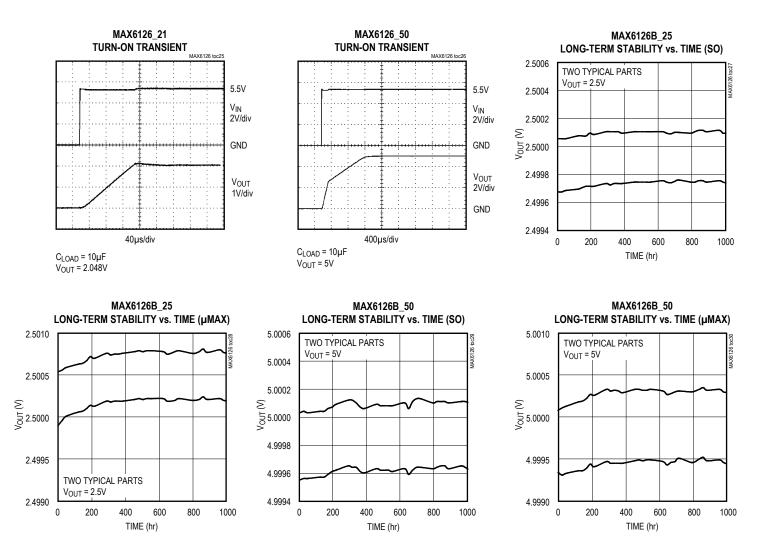




## Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

#### **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{IN} = 5V \text{ for MAX6126}_21/25/30/33/36/41, V_{IN} = 5.5V \text{ for MAX6126}_50, C_{LOAD} = 0.1\mu\text{F}, I_{OUT} = 0, T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.) (Note 5)



Note 5: Many of the MAX6126 *Typical Operating Characteristics* are extremely similar. The extremes of these characteristics are found in the MAX6126\_21 (2.048V output) and the MAX6126\_50 (5.000V output). The *Typical Operating Characteristics* of the remainder of the MAX6126 family typically lie between those two extremes and can be estimated based on their output voltages.

## Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

#### **Pin Description**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	NR	Noise Reduction. Connect a 0.1µF capacitor to improve wideband noise. Leave unconnected if not used (see Figure 1).
2	IN	Positive Power-Supply Input
3	GND	Ground
4	GNDS	Ground-Sense Connection. Connect to ground connection at load.
5, 8	I.C.	Internally Connected. Do not connect anything to these pins.
6	OUTS	Voltage Reference Sense Output
7	OUTF	Voltage Reference Force Output. Short OUTF to OUTS as close to the load as possible. Bypass OUTF with a capacitor $(0.1\mu F$ to $10\mu F$ ) to GND.

#### **Detailed Description**

#### Wideband Noise Reduction

To improve wideband noise and transient power-supply noise, add a  $0.1\mu$ F capacitor to NR (Figure 1). A  $0.1\mu$ F NR capacitor reduces the noise from 60nV/ $\sqrt{Hz}$  to 35nV/ $\sqrt{Hz}$  for the 2.048V output. Noise in the power-supply input can affect output noise, but can be reduced by adding an optional bypass capacitor between IN and GND, as shown in the Typical Operating Circuit. The 0.1Hz to 10Hz noise when measured with a 0.1 $\mu$ F noise reduction capacitor (NR pin) is  $0.9\mu$ V<sub>P-P</sub>. Using a 100 $\mu$ F noise to  $0.6\mu$ V<sub>P-P</sub>.

#### **Output Bypassing**

The MAX6126 requires an output capacitor between  $0.1\mu$ F and  $10\mu$ F. Locate the output capacitor as close to OUTF as possible. For applications driving switching capacitive loads or rapidly changing load currents, it is advantageous to use a  $10\mu$ F capacitor in parallel with a  $0.1\mu$ F capacitor. Larger capacitor values reduce transients on the reference output.

#### Supply Current

The quiescent supply current of the series-mode MAX6126 family is typically  $380\mu$ A and is virtually independent of the supply voltage, with only a  $2\mu$ A/V (max) variation with supply voltage.

When the supply voltage is below the minimum specified input voltage during turn-on, the device can draw up to 300µA beyond the nominal supply current. The input voltage source must be capable of providing this current to ensure reliable turn-on.

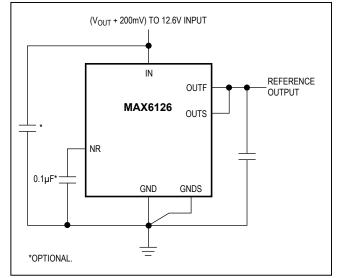


Figure 1. Noise-Reduction Capacitor

#### **Thermal Hysteresis**

Thermal hysteresis is the change of output voltage at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$  before and after the device is cycled over its entire operating temperature range. The typical thermal hysteresis value is 20ppm (SO package).

#### **Turn-On Time**

These devices typically turn on and settle to within 0.1% of their final value in 200 $\mu$ s to 2ms depending on the device. The turn-on time can increase up to 4ms with the device operating at the minimum dropout voltage and the maximum load. A noise reduction capacitor of 0.1 $\mu$ F increases the turn-on time to 20ms.

#### **Output Force and Sense**

The MAX6126 provides independent connections for the power-circuit output (OUTF) supplying current into a load, and for the circuit input regulating the voltage applied to that load (OUTS). This configuration allows for the cancellation of the voltage drop on the lines connecting the MAX6126 and the load. When using the Kelvin connection made possible by the independent current and voltage connections, take the power connection to the load from OUTF, and bring a line from OUTS to join the line from OUTF, at the point where the voltage accuracy is needed. The MAX6126 has the same type of Kelvin connection to cancel drops in the ground return line. Connect the load to ground and bring a connection from GNDS to exactly the same point.

# Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

#### **Applications Information**

#### **Precision Current Source**

Figure 2 shows a typical circuit providing a precision current source. The OUTF output provides the bias current for the bipolar transistor. OUTS and GNDS sense the voltage across the resistor and adjust the current sourced by OUTF accordingly. For even higher precision, use a MOSFET to eliminate base current errors.

The voltage range of OUTF is set by the reference output voltage (OUTS) and the  $V_{BE}(BJT)$  or  $V_{GS}(MOS)$  of the output external device:

$$V_{OUTF} = V_{BE} + V_{REF}$$

where:

V<sub>OUTF</sub> is voltage on OUTF pin

V<sub>BE</sub> is base-emitter drop across BJT

 $\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{REF}}$  is the actual voltage reference output this part is supposed to provide.

It translates to supply voltage requirement for voltage reference:

 $V_{IN} \ge V_{DROP}$  (dropout voltage) +  $V_{BEmax}$  +  $V_{REF}$ 

where:

V<sub>DROP</sub> is dropout voltage of voltage reference

# High-Resolution DAC and Reference from a Single Supply

<u>Figure 3</u> shows a typical circuit providing the reference for a high-resolution, 16-bit MAX541 D/A converter.

#### Temperature Coefficient vs. Operating Temperature Range for a 1 LSB Maximum Error

In a data converter application, the reference voltage of the converter must stay within a certain limit to keep the error in the data converter smaller than the resolution limit through the operating temperature range. Figure 4 shows the maximum allowable reference voltage temperature coefficient to keep the conversion error to less than 1 LSB, as a function of the operating temperature range ( $T_{MAX} - T_{MIN}$ ) with the converter resolution as a parameter. The graph assumes the reference voltage temperature coefficient as the only parameter affecting accuracy.

In reality, the absolute static accuracy of a data converter is dependent on the combination of many parameters such as integral nonlinearity, differential nonlinearity, offset error, gain error, as well as voltage reference changes.

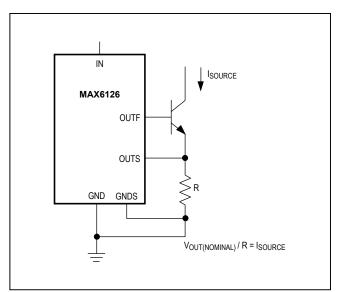


Figure 2. Precision Current Source

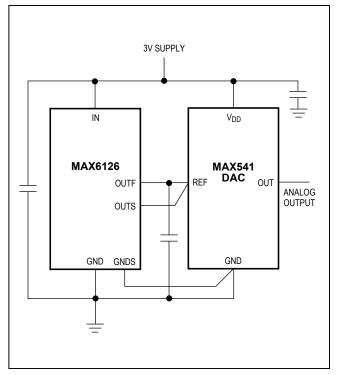


Figure 3. 14-Bit High-Resolution DAC and Positive Reference From a Single 3V Supply

# Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

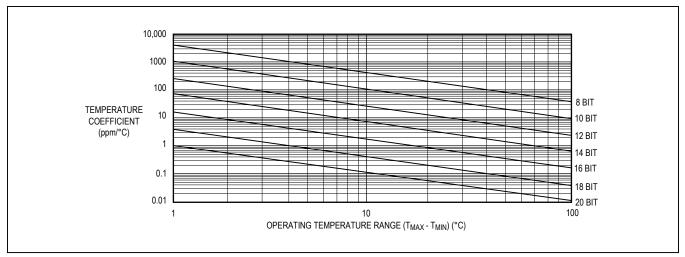
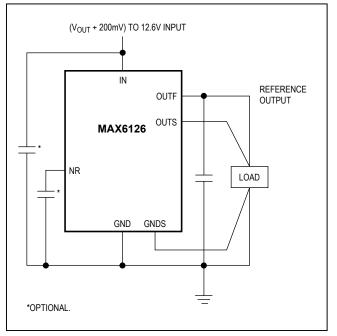


Figure 4. Temperature Coefficient vs. Operating Temperature Range for a 1 LSB Maximum Error

## **Typical Operating Circuit**



# **Chip Information**

PROCESS: BICMOS

# Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

## **Ordering Information (continued)**

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	MAXIMUM INITIAL ACCURACY (%)	MAXIMUM TEMPCO (-40°C to +85°C) (ppm/°C)
MAX6126B21+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	2.048	0.1	7
MAX6126AASA25+	-40°C to +125°C	8 SO	2.500	0.02	3
MAX6126BASA25+	-40°C to +125°C	8 SO	2.500	0.06	5
MAX6126A25+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	2.500	0.06	3
MAX6126B25+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	2.500	0.1	7
MAX6126A28+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	2.800	0.06	3
MAX6126B28+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	2.800	0.1	7
MAX6126AASA30+	-40°C to +125°C	8 SO	3.000	0.02	3
MAX6126BASA30+	-40°C to +125°C	8 SO	3.000	0.06	5
MAX6126A30+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	3.000	0.06	3
MAX6126B30+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	3.000	0.1	7
MAX6126AASA33+	-40°C to +125°C	8 SO	3.300	0.02	3
MAX6126BASA33+	-40°C to +125°C	8 SO	3.300	0.06	5
MAX6126A33+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	3.300	0.06	3
MAX6126B33+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	3.300	0.1	7
MAX6126AASA36+	-40°C to +125°C	8 SO	3.600	0.02	3
MAX6126BASA36+	-40°C to +125°C	8 SO	3.600	0.06	5
MAX6126A36+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	3.600	0.06	3
MAX6126B36+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	3.600	0.1	7
MAX6126AASA41+	-40°C to +125°C	8 SO	4.096	0.02	3
MAX6126BASA41+	-40°C to +125°C	8 SO	4.096	0.06	5
MAX6126BASA41/V+	-40°C to +125°C	8 SO	4.096	0.06	5
MAX6126A41+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	4.096	0.06	3
MAX6126B41+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	4.096	0.1	7
MAX6126AASA50+	-40°C to +125°C	8 SO	5.000	0.02	3
MAX6126BASA50+	-40°C to +125°C	8 SO	5.000	0.06	5
MAX6126A50+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	5.000	0.06	3
MAX6126B50+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	5.000	0.1	7

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package. *N* denotes an automotive qualified part.

#### **Package Information**

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/packages</u>. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	OUTLINE NO.	LAND PATTERN NO.
8 µMAX	U8+1	<u>21-0036</u>	<u>90-0092</u>
8 SO	S8+4	21-0041	90-0096

# Ultra-High-Precision, Ultra-Low-Noise, Series Voltage Reference

## **Revision History**

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	10/02	Initial release	—
1	3/03	Remove "future product" and "contact factory" notes	1, 16
2	6/03	Add "A" grade devices	1, 16
3	12/03	Change µMAX part number	1, 16
4	7/04	Add top mark to Ordering Information	1, 16
5	12/10	Add 2.8V option, add lead-free options, update Package Information	1, 2, 4, 15, 16
6	8/12	Added automotive package, MAX6126BASA41/V+ to data sheet	17
7	4/16	Updated Typical Operating Characteristics section (added TOC15)	14, 15
8	6/16	Added <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> tables, text references, and <i>Ordering Information</i> references for 3.3V and 3.6V output options.	1, 6, 9–13, 17

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